

Centre for Social Responsibility in Mining



Developing Good Practice for Managing the Cumulative Impacts of Coal Mining on Regional Communities in **Australia**





Overview

- Working Definition
- Cumulative Impacts and Mining
- The Australian Coal Industry
- Cumulative Impact Approaches and Practice



Our working definition

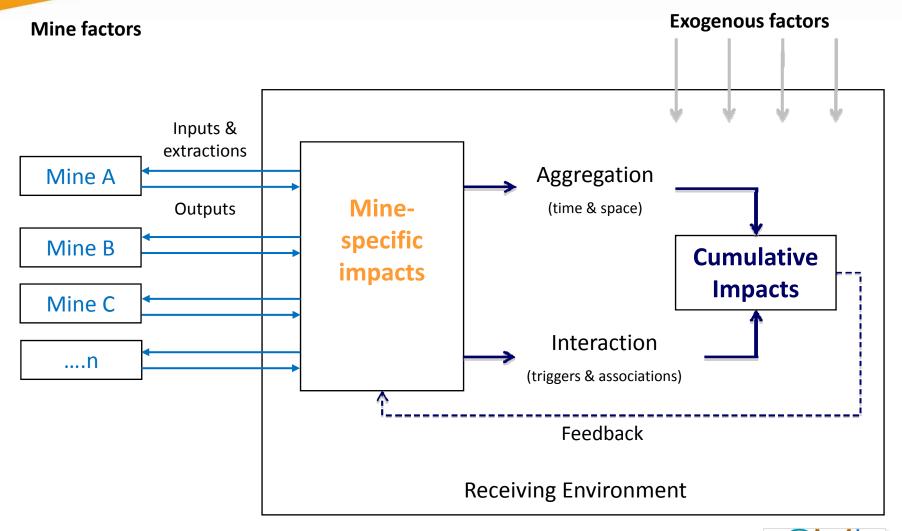
The successive, incremental and combined impacts, both positive and negative, of multiple mining and processing operations on a community or region and the environment over time.



Our working definition

- Intensity & spatial/temporal extent.
- Linear & 'tipping points'.
- Additive & persist over time; not 'spikes'.
- Positive & negative.
- Source & sink
- 'Reverse cumulative impacts': i.e. compounding effects of multiple mine closures.







Cumulative Impacts and Mining

- Rapid resource development in several Australian mining regions increased attention on 'cumulative impacts'.
- In mining context cumulative often 'multiple mines'.
- Terminology now applied to social as well as environmental.
- Emerging as a focus of government policy.
- At the regional level, mining companies are starting to collaborate more to address multi-mine issues.



The Australian Coal Industry

- World largest exporter of Black Coal; 4th largest producer
- 311 Mt production 2006-7; A\$22.3 billion in exports
- Direct employment 28,000 people
- Main regions:
 - **Queensland** (54 mines): Bowen Basin, Surat (emerging), Galilee (emerging).
 - **New South Wales** (>60 mines): Hunter Valley, Gunnedah (emerging).
- Qld Coal industry will double 2000-2010

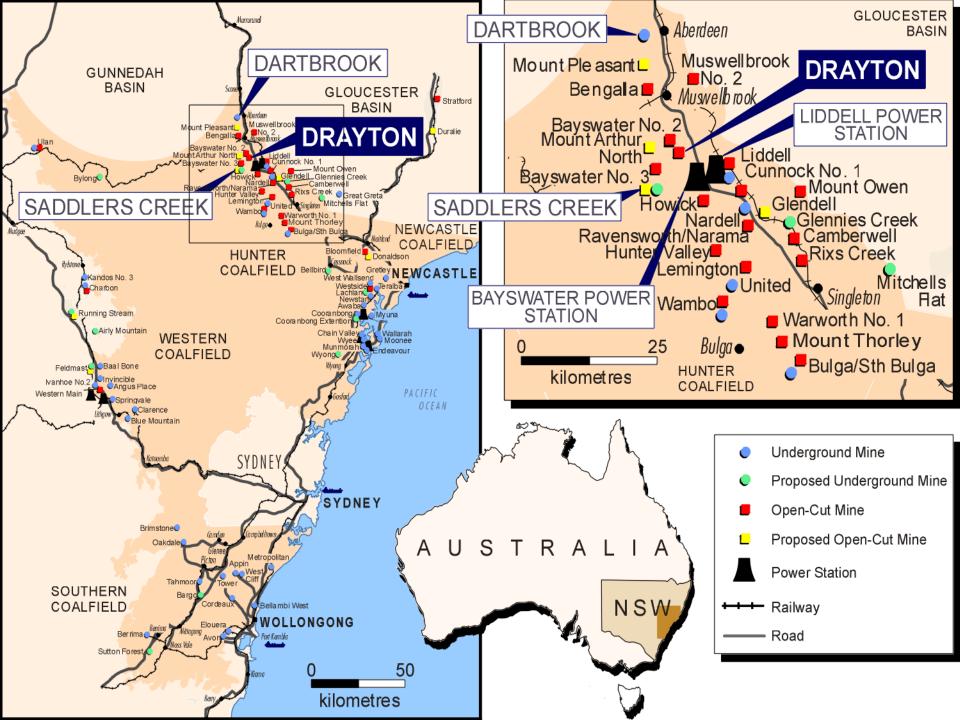


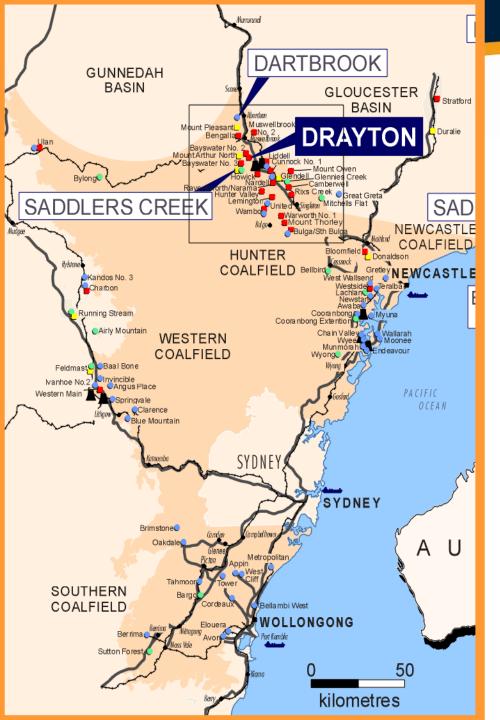
Abbot Point Coal Terminal 200 000dwt 20 100km Collinsville Collinsville Sonoma Mine under construction Gattonvale Calen Bowen Coal Basin Measures Coal export terminal ■Eastern Creek 90 000dwt (maximum vessel size) Dalrymple Bay Coal Terminal 230 000dwt Wollombi/Suttor Creek Coal measures Lake Elphinstone Hay Point Coal Lancewood Bowen Basin Wards Well Mount Fort Cooper Calen Coal Measures North Goonvella Bee Creek South Walker Creek Red Hill Callide Basin Goonyella Riverside Galilee Basin Mulgildie Basin 22° Isaac Plains Moranbah Styx Basin 22° Surat Basin Olive Downs Winchester South Peak Downs East Styx Basin Dysart Clermont Norwich Park Middlemount . German Creek East German Creek Foxleigh Oaky Creek ■ Lake Lindsay* Gregory Valeria Crinum Kestrel Yarrabee Jellinbah East Rockhampton Taroborah Emerald Blackwater Minyango Togara North Gladstone Sirius Creek Togara South RG Tanna Coal Terminal Humboldt Barney Point Coal Terminal Springsure 4 Bowen Basin Baralaba Callide Wonbindi . Basin Biloela Rolleston a Belvedere (Moura West) Moura Dawson Mining Complex (Moura) Theodore Mulgildie Dawson South Stage 3 Basin)

Bowen Basin

- Mining relatively dispersed
- 37 mines with 22 mines & 8 expansions under development
- FIFO and DIDO
- Cls social and human capital (housing, social services, inflation, employment disparity)
- e.g. rents in Emerald &
 Moranbah up to A\$900 p/w for
 4br house 100% more
 expensive than Brisbane.



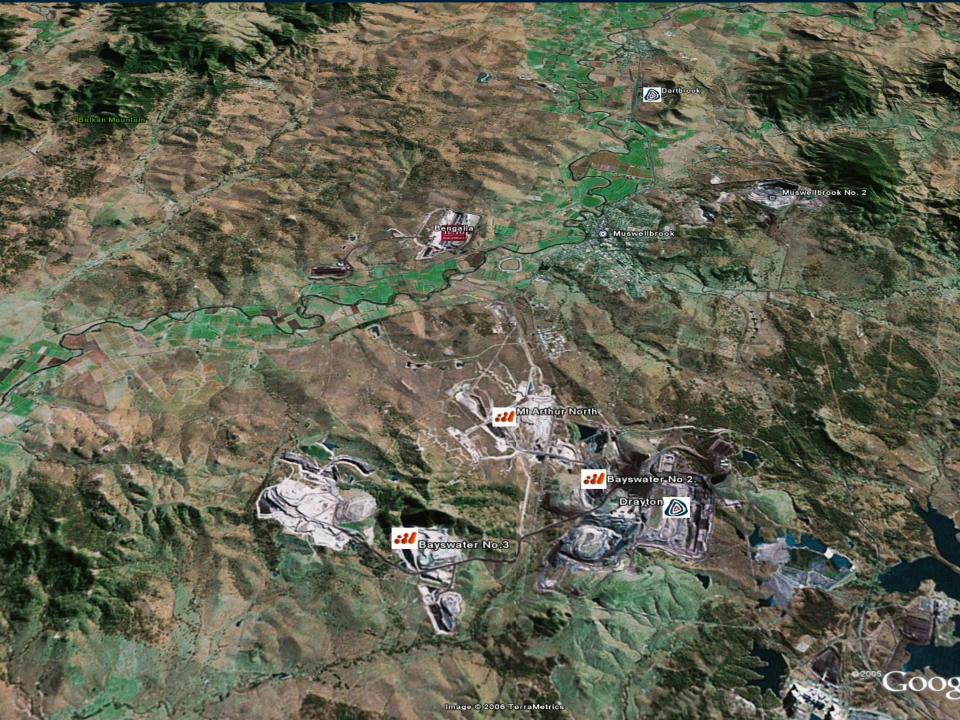




Hunter Valley

- Mining high density
- 'mature' mining region
- Sydney Basin = >60 mines with 20 mines under development
- Cls amenity, noise, water quality (salinity) & quantity, biodiversity, dust, identity, employment (+ve) and company spend (+ve).





Approaches and Practice

Governance and Coordination

- Multi-stakeholder arrangements (e.g. Moranbah Growth Management Group; Pilbara Industry Community Council)
- Industry collaborations
 - networks & forums (e.g. HV Environment Managers Forum)
 - formal organisations (e.g. Kwinana Industry Council; PICC)
- Theme specific coordinating groups (e.g. Commonwealth MCA MOU)
- Qld Gov Coal Industry Taskforce



Approaches and Practice

Activities

- Mitigation (e.g. Hunter Valley Salinity Trading Scheme)
- Enhancement (e.g. PICC Indigenous Employment)
- Measuring and Monitoring (Data)
- Information Management
- Assessment required in Qld and NSW but in practice modest
- Research (thresholds) (e.g. Moranbah Town Sustainable Management Framework)



Sustainable Resource Communities Policy

Queensland Government September 2008

- Statewide Partnership Group (state & local gov and industry)
- Local Leadership Groups (regional planning and key projects)
- Social Impact Plans (management plans condition of tenure)
- Social Impact Assessment (new function within government)
- Emphasis on Regional Planning (link to gov plans)



Industry Collaboration

Early

Information exchange

Advocacy on common issues

Pooling of resources to support specific initiatives & programs

Coordination of industry responses to CIs of high concern to stakeholders

Facilitation of synergies

Collective management of data

Proactive management (e.g. timing and location of developments)

Advanced



Questions

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